

最小编辑距离算法

Minimum Edit Distance

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编辑距离

编辑前字符串 s

编辑后字符串 t

编辑操作p: 插入、删除、替换

“编辑距离”定义为
“编辑操作的次数”

源文: She is a star with the theatre company.

机器译文: 她 是 与 剧院 公司 的 一 颗 星。

参考译文: 她 是 剧团 的 明星。

计算机器译文
跟正确答案之
间的距离

编辑距离: 6

删除次数 (4次) : 与 ~~公司~~ > 颗

替换次数 (2次) : 剧院 → 剧团 星 → 明星

如何计算最小编辑距离

原始串

s o t

目标串

s t o p

插入操作的权值

(insertCost) : 1

删除操作的权值

(deleteCost) : 1

替换操作的权值

(substituteCost) : 2

s o t

编辑操作1

→ s t o t (1.插入, 1分, 累计1分)

→ s t o p (2.替换, 2分, 累计3分)

编辑距离: 3

s o t

编辑操作2

→ s t t (1.替换, 2分, 累计2分)

→ s t o (2.替换, 2分, 累计4分)

→ s t o p (3.插入, 1分, 累计5分)

编辑距离: 5

最小编辑距离计算： 动态规划

$$D(0, 0) = 0 \quad i, \text{ 目标串字符位置}$$

$$D(i, 0) = \text{insertCost} * i \quad j, \text{ 原始串字符位置}$$

$$D(0, j) = \text{deleteCost} * j$$

$$D(i, j) = \min \begin{cases} D(i-1, j) + \text{insertCost}(\text{target}_i) \\ D(i-1, j-1) + \text{substituteCost}(\text{source}_j, \text{target}_i) \\ D(i, j-1) + \text{deleteCost}(\text{source}_j) \end{cases}$$

$$\text{substituteCost} \begin{cases} = 0 & \text{if } \text{target}[i] = \text{source}[j] \\ = 2 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\text{insertCost} = 1$$

$$\text{deleteCost} = 1$$

最小编辑距离算法描述

```
function Min-Edit_Distance (target, source)
    n = length(target);
    m = length(source);
    create distance matrix d[n,m];
    d[0,0]=0;
    d[0,1]=1,... d[0,m]=m;
    d[1,0]=1,...d[n,0]=n;
    for each i from 1 to n do
        for each j from 1 to m do
            d[i, j] = min( d[i-1, j] + insertCost(targeti)),
                        d[i-1, j-1] + substituteCost(sourcej, targeti),
                        d[i, j-1] + deleteCost(sourcej));
    return d[n,m];
```

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
	i	t				
3						
2		o				
1		s				
0	#		s	t	o	p
#	0		1	2	3	4

i=0 j=0

$d[0,0] = 0;$

$d[0,1] = 1; \dots; d[0,m] = m;$

$d[1,0] = 1; \dots; d[n,0] = n;$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j					
		3	t				
		2	o				
		1	s	0			
		0	#	s	t	o	p
#	0	1	2	3	4		

i=1 j=1

$$d[1,1] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[0,1] + \text{insert}(t[1]) = 2 \\ d[0,0] + \text{substitute}(s[1], t[1]) = 0 \\ d[1,0] + \text{delete}(s[1]) = 2 \end{array} \right\} = 0$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j					
		3	t				
		2	o	1			
		1	s	0			
		0	#	s	t	o	p
#	0	1	2	3	4		

i=1 j=2

$$d[1,2] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[0,2] + \text{insert}(t[1]) = 3 \\ d[0,1] + \text{substitute}(s[2], t[1]) = 3 \\ d[1,1] + \text{delete}(s[2]) = 1 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
3	t	2				
2	o	1				
1	s	0				
0	#	s	t	o	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	

i=1 j=3

$$d[1,3] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[0,3] + \text{insert}(t[1]) = 4 \\ d[0,2] + \text{substitute}(s[3], t[1]) = 4 \\ d[1,2] + \text{delete}(s[3]) = 2 \end{array} \right\} = 2$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
3	t	2				
2	o	1				
1	s	0	1			
0	#	s	t	o	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	

i=2 j=1

$$d[2,1] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[1,1] + \text{insert}(t[2]) = 1 \\ d[1,0] + \text{substitute}(s[1], t[2]) = 3 \\ d[2,0] + \text{delete}(s[1]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
3	t	2				
2	o	1	2			
1	s	0	1			
0	#	s	t	o	p	
#	0	1	2	3	4	

i=2 j=2

$$d[2,2] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[1,2] + \text{insert}(t[2]) = 2 \\ d[1,1] + \text{substitute}(s[2], t[2]) = 2 \\ d[2,1] + \text{delete}(s[2]) = 2 \end{array} \right\} = 2$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
		3	2	1		
		2	1	2		
		1	0	1		
		0	#	s	t	o p
#	0	1	2	3	4	

i=2 j=3

$$d[2,3] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[1,3] + \text{insert}(t[2]) = 3 \\ d[1,2] + \text{substitute}(s[3], t[2]) = 1 \\ d[2,2] + \text{delete}(s[3]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j			
		3	2	1	
		2	o	1	2
		1	s	0	1
		0	#	s	t
		#	0	1	2
				3	4

i=3 j=1

$$d[3,1] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[2,1] + \text{insert}(t[3]) = 2 \\ d[2,0] + \text{substitute}(s[1], t[3]) = 4 \\ d[3,0] + \text{delete}(s[1]) = 4 \end{array} \right\} = 2$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
		3	2	1		
		2	1	2	1	
		1	0	1	2	
		0	#	s	t	o p
#	0	1	2	3	4	

i=3 j=2

$$d[3,2] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[2,2] + \text{insert}(t[3]) = 3 \\ d[2,1] + \text{substitute}(s[2], t[3]) = 1 \\ d[3,1] + \text{delete}(s[2]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 1$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
		3	2	1	2	
		2	o	1	2	1
		1	s	0	1	2
		0	#	s	t	o p
		#	0	1	2	3 4

i=3 j=3

$$d[3,3] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[2,3] + \text{insert}(t[3]) = 2 \\ d[2,2] + \text{substitute}(s[3], t[3]) = 4 \\ d[3,2] + \text{delete}(s[3]) = 2 \end{array} \right\} = 2$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
		3	2	1	2	
		2	o	1	2	1
		1	s	0	1	2
		0	#	s	t	o
		#	0	1	2	3
						4

i=4 j=1

$$d[4,1] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[3,1] + \text{insert}(t[4]) = 3 \\ d[3,0] + \text{substitute}(s[1], t[4]) = 5 \\ d[4,0] + \text{delete}(s[1]) = 5 \end{array} \right\} = 3$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
		3	2	1	2	
		2	o	1	2	1
		1	s	0	1	2
		0	#	s	t	o
		#	0	1	2	3
						4

i=4 j=2

$$d[4,2] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[3,2] + \text{insert}(t[4]) = 2 \\ d[3,1] + \text{substitute}(s[2], t[4]) = 4 \\ d[4,1] + \text{delete}(s[2]) = 4 \end{array} \right\} = 2$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

source : s o t

target : s t o p

$n = \text{length}(\text{target})$

$m = \text{length}(\text{source})$

Create matrix $d[n, m]$;

		j				
		3	2	1	2	3
		2	o	1	2	1
		1	s	0	1	2
		0	#	s	t	o
		#	0	1	2	3
						4

i=4 j=3

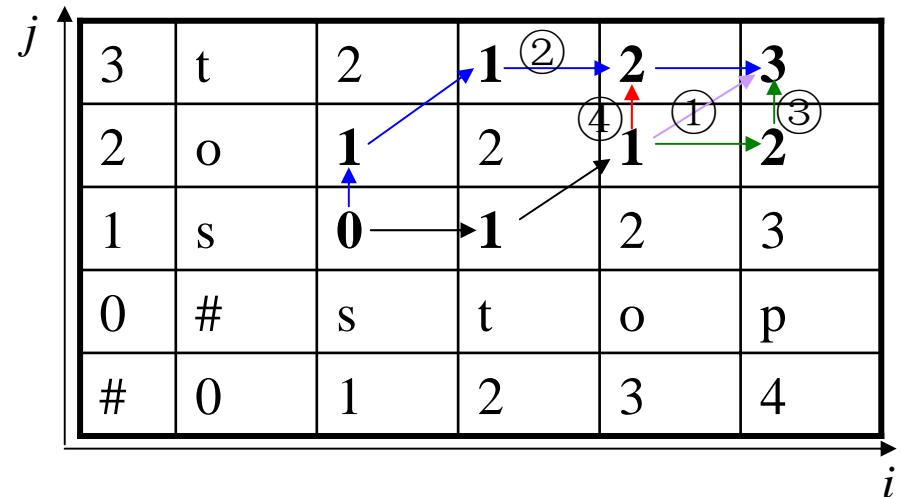
$$d[4,3] = \min \left\{ \begin{array}{l} d[3,3] + \text{insert}(t[4]) = 3 \\ d[3,2] + \text{substitute}(s[3], t[4]) = 3 \\ d[4,2] + \text{delete}(s[3]) = 3 \end{array} \right\} = 3$$

最小编辑距离计算示例

s o t
↓
s t o t (1. 插入t, 1分, 累计1分)
↓
s t o p (2. t替换p, 2分, 累计3分)

s o t
↓
s t (1. 删除o, 1分, 累计1分)
↓
s t o (2. 插入o, 1分, 累计2分)
↓
s t o p (3. 插入p, 1分, 累计3分)

s o t
↓
s t o t (1. 插入t, 1分, 累计1分)
↓
s t o p (2. 插入p, 1分, 累计2分)
↓
s t o p (3. 删除t, 1分, 累计3分)



最小编辑距离计算练习

- intention → execution

i n t e n t i o n

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

e x e c u t i o n

s s s s s

2 2 2 2 2 = 10

i n t e n * t i o n

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

* e x e c u t i o n

d s s s i

1 2 2 2 1 = 8

最小编辑距离计算练习

n	9	8	9	10	11	12	11	10	9	8
o	8	7	8	9	10	11	10	9	8	9
i	7	6	7	8	9	10	9	8	9	10
t	6	5	6	7	8	9	8	9	10	11
n	5	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	10
e	4	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	9
t	3	4	5	6	7	8	7	8	9	8
n	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	7	8	7
i	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	6	7	8
#	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	#	e	x	e	c	u	t	i	o	n

参考文献

- Daniel Jurafsky & James H. Martin, 2000, Speech and Language Processing: An Introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics, and Speech Recognition, Chapter 5, section 5.6, pp153-156, Prentice-Hall Inc..